# SWITCHMODE™ Power Rectifier 100 V, 30 A

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Low Forward Voltage: 0.67 V @ 125°C
- Low Power Loss/High Efficiency
- High Surge Capacity
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature
- 30 A Total (15 A Per Diode Leg)
- Pb-Free Package is Available

# **Applications**

- Power Supply Output Rectification
- Power Management
- Instrumentation

#### **Mechanical Characteristics:**

- Case: Epoxy, Molded
- Epoxy Meets UL 94 V-0 @ 0.125 in
- Weight: 1.9 Grams (Approximately)
- Finish: All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Terminal Leads are Readily Solderable
- Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 260°C Max. for 10 Seconds
- ESD Rating: Human Body Model = 3B

Machine Model = C

# **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

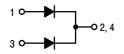
Please See the Table on the Following Page



# ON Semiconductor®

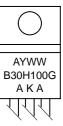
http://onsemi.com

# SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIER 30 AMPERES 100 VOLTS





# DIAGRAM



**MARKING** 

A = Assembly Location Y = Year WW = Work Week

TO-220AB

**CASE 221A** 

**PLASTIC** 

B30H100 = Device Code
G = Pb-Free Package
AKA = Polarity Designator

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping
MBR30H100CT	TO-220	50 Units/Rail
MBR30H100CTG	TO-220 (Pb-Free)	50 Units/Rail

## MAXIMUM RATINGS (Per Diode Leg)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub> V <sub>RWM</sub> V <sub>R</sub>	100	V
Average Rectified Forward Current (T <sub>C</sub> = 156°C) Per Diode Per Device	I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	15 30	А
Peak Repetitive Forward Current (Square Wave, 20 kHz, T <sub>C</sub> = 151°C)	I <sub>FM</sub>	30	А
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions halfwave, single phase, 60 Hz)	IFSM	250	А
Operating Junction Temperature (Note 1)	TJ	+175	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +175	°C
Voltage Rate of Change (Rated V <sub>R</sub> )	dv/dt	10,000	V/μs
Controlled Avalanche Energy (see test conditions in Figures 11 and 12)	W <sub>AVAL</sub>	200	mJ
ESD Ratings: Machine Model = C Human Body Model = 3B		> 400 > 8000	V

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

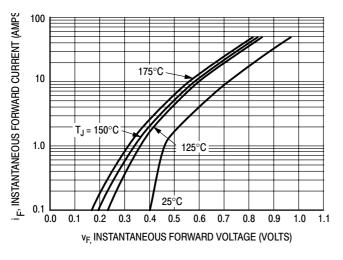
Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum Thermal Resistance – Junction–to–Case (Min. Pad)	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.0	°C/W
<ul><li>Junction-to-Ambient (Min. Pad)</li></ul>	$R_{\theta JA}$	60	

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Per Diode Leg)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (Note 2) $ \begin{aligned} &(i_F=15\text{ A},\text{ T}_J=25^\circ\text{C})\\ &(i_F=15\text{ A},\text{ T}_J=125^\circ\text{C})\\ &(i_F=30\text{ A},\text{ T}_J=25^\circ\text{C})\\ &(i_F=30\text{ A},\text{ T}_J=125^\circ\text{C}) \end{aligned} $	VF	- - -	0.76 0.64 0.88 0.76	0.80 0.67 0.93 0.80	V
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current (Note 2) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$ ) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ )	i <sub>R</sub>		1.1 0.0008	6.0 0.0045	mA

<sup>2.</sup> Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2.0%.

<sup>1.</sup> The heat generated must be less than the thermal conductivity from Junction–to–Ambient:  $dP_D/dT_J < 1/R_{\theta JA}$ .



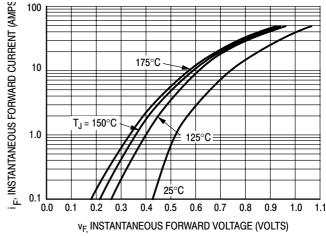
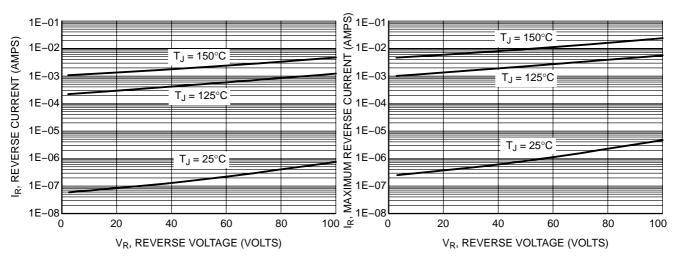


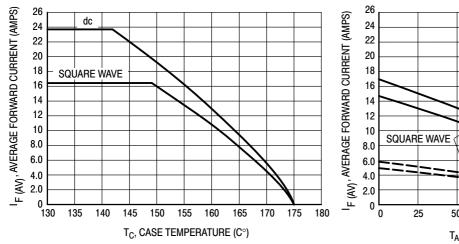
Figure 1. Typical Forward Voltage

Figure 2. Maximum Forward Voltage



**Figure 3. Typical Reverse Current** 

Figure 4. Maximum Reverse Current





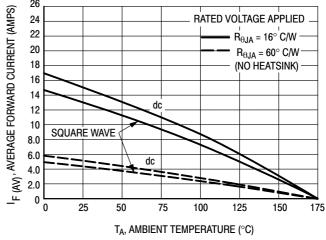


Figure 6. Current Derating, Ambient Per Leg

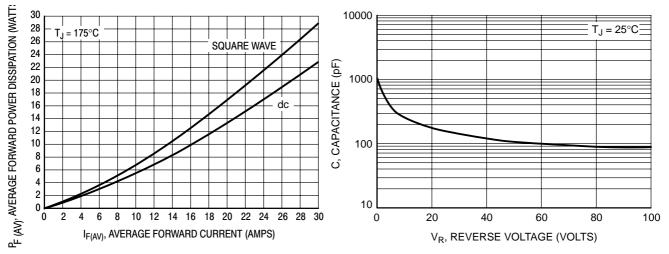


Figure 7. Forward Power Dissipation

Figure 8. Capacitance

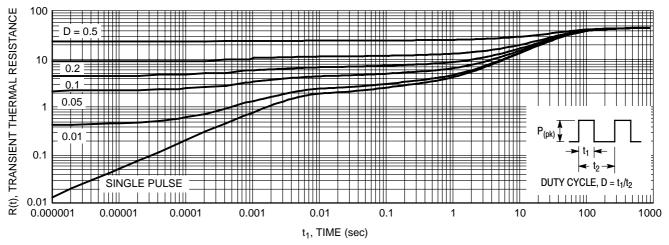


Figure 9. Thermal Response Junction-to-Ambient

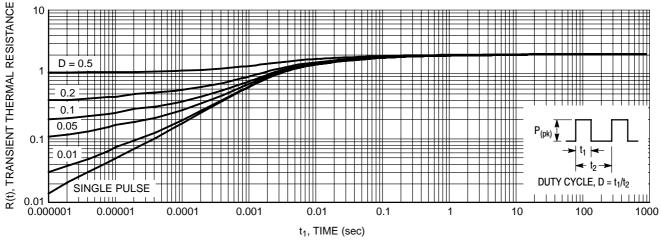


Figure 10. Thermal Response Junction-to-Case

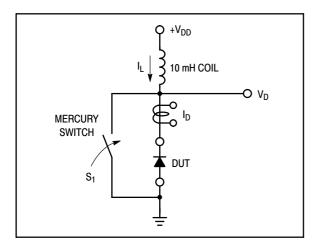


Figure 11. Test Circuit

The unclamped inductive switching circuit shown in Figure 11 was used to demonstrate the controlled avalanche capability of this device. A mercury switch was used instead of an electronic switch to simulate a noisy environment when the switch was being opened.

When  $S_1$  is closed at  $t_0$  the current in the inductor  $I_L$  ramps up linearly; and energy is stored in the coil. At  $t_1$  the switch is opened and the voltage across the diode under test begins to rise rapidly, due to di/dt effects, when this induced voltage reaches the breakdown voltage of the diode, it is clamped at  $BV_{DUT}$  and the diode begins to conduct the full load current which now starts to decay linearly through the diode, and goes to zero at  $t_2$ .

By solving the loop equation at the point in time when  $S_1$  is opened; and calculating the energy that is transferred to the diode it can be shown that the total energy transferred is equal to the energy stored in the inductor plus a finite amount of energy from the  $V_{DD}$  power supply while the diode is in breakdown (from  $t_1$  to  $t_2$ ) minus any losses due to finite component resistances. Assuming the component resistive

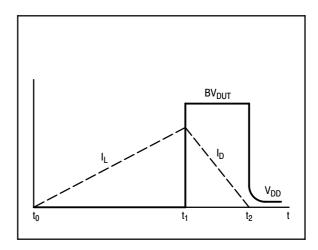


Figure 12. Current-Voltage Waveforms

elements are small Equation (1) approximates the total energy transferred to the diode. It can be seen from this equation that if the  $V_{DD}$  voltage is low compared to the breakdown voltage of the device, the amount of energy contributed by the supply during breakdown is small and the total energy can be assumed to be nearly equal to the energy stored in the coil during the time when  $S_1$  was closed, Equation (2).

# **EQUATION (1):**

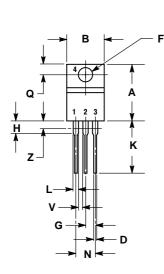
$$W_{AVAL} \approx \frac{1}{2}LI_{LPK}^{2} \left( \frac{BV_{DUT}}{BV_{DUT} - V_{DD}} \right)$$

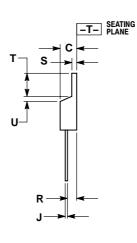
#### **EQUATION (2):**

$$W_{AVAL} \approx \frac{1}{2}LI_{LPK}^2$$

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

**TO-220** CASE 221A-09 ISSUE AD





#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
   VALUE AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
- Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.570	0.620	14.48	15.75
В	0.380	0.405	9.66	10.28
С	0.160	0.190	4.07	4.82
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.88
F	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73
G	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66
Н	0.110	0.155	2.80	3.93
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27
L	0.045	0.060	1.15	1.52
N	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79
S	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39
Т	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47
U	0.000	0.050	0.00	1.27
٧	0.045		1.15	
Z		0.080		2 04

STYLE 6:

- PIN 1. ANODE
  - 2. CATHODE
  - 3. ANODE
  - 4 CATHODE

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